



Edible Wild Plants

1. Photograph, collect pictures of or sketch fifteen edible wild plants. Identify each plant in the wild.

1. _____	6. _____	11. _____
2. _____	7. _____	12. _____
3. _____	8. _____	13. _____
4. _____	9. _____	14. _____
5. _____	10. _____	15. _____

2. Identify in the wild five trees and five shrubs which are edible.

Trees

Shrubs

1. _____	_____
2. _____	_____
3. _____	_____
4. _____	_____
5. _____	_____

3. Identify, prepare, and eat three kinds of wild berries or fruits, three kinds of beverages, three salad plants, three potherbs (greens), and two tubers or roots.

Wild Berries/Fruits

Beverages

1. _____	1. _____
2. _____	2. _____
3. _____	3. _____

Salad Plants

Potherbs (greens)

1. _____	1. _____
2. _____	2. _____
3. _____	3. _____

Tubers or Roots

1. _____
 2. _____
4. Demonstrate the preparation of wild foods in each of the following ways:
- a. Boiling
 - b. Frying
 - c. Roasting
 - d. Baking
- Date completed _____
5. Demonstrate how to prepare four parts of the common milkweed or day lily for food.
- Date completed _____
6. What root plant can be dried and ground into meal?
- _____
- _____
7. Complete the following:
- a. Know at least eight families embracing the poisonous or doubtful plants.
 - b. Determine whether any of the plants you plan to eat have poisonous look-alikes and be able to distinguish them.
 - c. List three plants that are safe to eat in small quantities. What makes eating large portions of these plants risky?
 - d. Name at least one plant that contains both edible and poisonous parts. Which parts are edible? Which parts are poisonous, and why?
- Date completed _____
8. The cardinal edibility rule is to never eat any wild plant unless you have positively identified it and know that it is edible. Discuss the importance of this rule
- _____
- _____